

The Chronology for *Wives and Daughters*

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1. Chronology

Gaskell's chronology for *Wives and Daughters* is, as Easson points out, "a little (but not crucially) uncertain,"¹ as those for her other novels mostly are. Nevertheless, the chronology that should be closest to her original intention can be deduced from external as well as internal evidence as is the case with her other fiction. The following investigation is an attempt to create the most reliable chronology for the novel.

2. Time Span

Careful examination of the time sequence discloses the period treated in this novel is eight years (See "The Comprehensive Chronology for *Wives and Daughters*" for detail). Chapters 1-2 mainly describe 12-year-old (*WD* 2) Molly Gibson's first visit to the Cummor Towers in "June" (*WD* 1) of Year 1. Since her birthday is "22 June" (*WD* 146) and her visit to the Towers is probably the event of 17 June,² she is nearly thirteen at this stage, to be exact. In Chapter 3, the scene moves "sixteen years" (*WD* 27) back to Gibson's settlement in Hollingford and its subsequent events. The narrative enters Year 5 at the beginning of Chapter 4, for Molly is "nearly seventeen" (*WD* 34). Gibson's meditation in Chapter 5—"she's only just seventeen, —not seventeen, indeed, till July; not for six weeks yet. Sixteen and three-quarters!" (*WD* 48)—indicates Molly's month of birth is July, which contradicts Phoebe's claim that her birthday is "the 22nd of [...] June" (*WD* 146). Our chronology leans upon Phoebe, who piques "herself on knowing all about dear Mr Gibson's domestic affairs" (*WD* 146). The contradiction should be resolved if the busy doctor's miscalculation were supposed to be caused by his uneasiness about his apprentice Mr Coxe's confession of love towards his 16-year-old "baby" (*WD* 48). Molly becomes "seventeen" (*WD* 80, 83) during her three-month stay at Hamley Hall from May to August of Year 5 (Chs. 6-13). In Chapter 19, time passes into Year 6, as Roger comes back from Cambridge for Christmas holidays in December (*WD* 205, 705) and returns to sit for "the mathematical tripos" (*WD* 231) beginning on Monday "from 14 to 21 January" (*WD* 706). After describing Molly's hopeless "winter" (*WD* 430, 432), the narrator introduces her conversation with Cynthia about the date of Roger's letter—"December the 10th." "That's nearly two months ago" (*WD* 433). This gives us a hint that the year has turned into Year 7 here in Chapter 37.

Cynthia leaves for London (*WD* 514; Ch. 45) in the "dead season of the year" (*WD* 532; Ch. 47)—

probably "November" (*WD* 723) of Year 7, as can be inferred from the following events. Soon after, Molly carries out her mission to hand Cynthia's note to Preston in a bookshop, which happens to be witnessed by Mrs Goodenough, the gossip (*Ch.* 46). Chapter 49 describes Lady Harriet's action on "November" (*WD* 553) days to find the truth in the Hollingford rumour about Molly and Preston. Cynthia comes back from London within Year 7, for, on the day of her arrival, she talks with her mother about the coming Charity Ball scheduled for the "25th" (*WD* 562; *Ch.* 50), probably of December.

Accused by Gibson of her misdemeanour (*WD* 571-74; *Ch.* 50), Cynthia declares to her mother and Molly her intention to terminate her engagement to Roger, "three months" (*WD* 575; *Ch.* 51) after she was in London—that is, in January or February of Year 8.³ In "late June" (*WD* 619, 624), Roger comes back temporarily from Africa. Cynthia's "engagement" to Henderson (*WD* 636) should be the event of July. In "August" (*WD* 646), Molly spends "a week" (*WD* 655) at the Towers for recuperation. Her weekly visit to Hamley Hall is paid in the ensuing week (*WD* 656), probably in early September, for it is "about six weeks" after Cynthia's engagement (*WD* 656) and "early" autumn (*WD* 661). Osborne's child catches scarlet fever on the last day of Molly's stay. Only "three weeks or a month" (*WD* 676) afterwards, i.e. in late "September" (*WD* 653), Roger leaves again for Africa. On the final few pages is described the conversation among Gibson, Clare, and Molly, which takes place some days after his departure. Consequently, the narrative ends probably in early October of Year 8.

3. Three Options

There are three candidate years for Year 1 (See Table 1). The first is 1819. The date of the prelude (*Chs.* 1-2) is set "[f]ive-and-forty years" (*WD* 2) before 1864, when the story began to be written.⁴ This fulfils the other condition indicated on the same page that it is set "before the passing of the Reform Bill" of 1832. The second is 1830, which was worked out by counting backwards from 1837, when the construction of the "new line between Birmingham and London" (*WD* 638), the event in Year 8, was complete. Easson proposes the third option, 1823. Relying on Gaskell's statement in 1864 that her story is "of country-town life 40 years ago" (*Letters* 731), "historical references," and "the reasonable assumption that Gaskell more or less tied Molly's age to her own" (*Introd.* to *WD* xiv), he presumes the starting year is 1822 (Gaskell was born in 1810), and that the main action "takes us from June 1827, shortly before Molly's seventeenth birthday, to autumn 1830" (*Introd.* to *WD* xiv).⁵

Chapters	1-2	4-19	19-37	37-50	50-60
Allocated Page (%)	3.86	28.1	28.72	20.27	17.34
	Year 1	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8
Option 1	1819 (Y)	1823 (Y)(Y/N)	1824 (N)	1825 (N)	1826 (N)
Option 2	1830 (Y)	1834 (N)(Y)	1835 (N)	1836 (Y)	1837 (Y)
Modified Easson's	1823 (Y)	1827 (Y)(Y)	1828 (Y)	1829 (N)	1830 (N)
	Year 1	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9
Easson's	1822	1827	1828	1829	1830

Y=consistent with historical facts; N=inconsistent

Table 1. Candidate Years for *Wives and Daughters*⁶

There are six historical references in the text to be examined for establishing the authorially-intended chronology: (a) the passing of the Reform Bill in 1832 (*WD* 2; Ch. 1), (b) the end of Napoleonic Wars in 1815 (*WD* 37; Ch. 4), (c) the death of Lord Byron in 1924 (*WD* 143; Ch. 12), (d) the passing of Catholic Emancipation Bill in 1829 (*WD* 271; Ch. 23), (e) the foundation of the Geographical Society in 1830 (*WD* 473; Ch. 41), and (f) the opening of the railway line between Birmingham and London in 1837 (*WD* 638; Ch. 57). The chronology which tallies with as many historical facts as possible should be the most appropriate candidate that represents Gaskell's intention. Easson claims his calculation matches all historical references except the last (*WD* 689).

Historical Reference	Reform Bill (1832)	Napoleonic Wars (1815)	Byron's death (1824)	Catholic Emancipation (1829)	Geographical Society (1830)	Birmingham-London line (1837)
Chapter	1	4	12	23	41	57
Year Concerned	1	5	5	6	7	8
Option 1	1819 (Y)	1823 (Y)	1823 (Y/N)	1824 (N)	1825 (N)	1826 (N)
Option 2	1830 (Y)	1834 (N)	1834 (Y)	1835 (N)	1836 (Y)	1837 (Y)
Modified Easson	1823 (Y)	1827 (Y)	1827 (Y)	1828 (Y)	1829 (N)	1830 (N)

Y=consistent with historical facts; N=inconsistent

Table 2. Textual Consistency with Historical Facts

(a) At the outset of the story, the narrator states that the date of Chapter 1 is set "before the passing of the Reform Bill" (*WD* 2), i.e. the 1832 Reform Act. This criterion is met by all options for the chronology. (b) In describing the spring of Year 5, the narrator observes that those days are "the decade after the conclusion of the great continental war" (*WD* 37). Neither Easson's dating "1827" nor Option 1's "1823" produces serious conflict with the narrator's "1825"—only two-year discrepancy—, since the end of Napoleonic Wars was 1815. Option 2, however, displays nine-year difference as its Year 5 is 1834. (c) In defence of having quoted Byron, a "very immoral poet," Lord Cumnor apologizes to his wife by saying "I saw him take his oaths in the House of Lords" (*WD* 143). Their conversation takes place in the summer of Year 5. Easson infers, from "a change of tense in MS," that Byron has already been dead at that time (*WD* 701). The date of his death, 19 April 1824, verifies that the critic's Year 5 "1827" and Option 2's "1834" are in harmony with the narrator's, while Option 1's "1823" not. It is possible, however, to consider the year of Byron's death barely affects determination of Year 5; for, Lord Cumnor may be just recollecting his past experience of witnessing the poet's misdemeanour, regardless of his being dead or alive. (d) Osborne hesitates to confess his secret marriage to Aimée, a French Catholic, to his father in March of Year 6, because it was the period when "Catholic emancipation has begun to be talked about by some politicians, and [...] the sullen roar of the majority of Englishmen, at the bare idea of it, was surging in the distance with ominous threatenings" (*WD* 271). The narrative reflects the political circumstances in the 1820s: "Radical MPs [...] had been arguing for some years that Parliament should bring an end to anti-Catholic legislation. After O'Connell's victory [in 1826], even Tories such as Sir Robert Peel and the Duke of Wellington began arguing for reform" ("Daniel O'Connell," *Spartacus Educational*). Therefore, Easson's Year 6 "1828" corresponds to the historical facts, while Option 1's

"1824" is a little too early and Option 2's "1835" too late. (e) Roger sets off for Africa in the autumn of Year 6 (*WD* 395), or 1828 of the modified Easson chronology. Morris supports Easson's dating: "Gaskell's historical accuracy is not at fault" (xxii), for throughout "the 1820s the African Association [founded in 1794 for the purpose of furthering geographical discoveries] continued to support exploration in Africa" (xxiii). Notwithstanding, a contradiction occurs when Roger's letter from Africa is read by Lord Hollingford at the Geographical Society in the early autumn of Year 7, or Easson's "1829": the society's foundation year is "1830" (Morris xxiii; *Royal Geographical Society*). Only Option 2 is consistent with the historical fact. (f) The newly constructed railway "line between Birmingham and London" Lady Cumnor refers to (*WD* 638) opened on 20 July 1837, sixteen days after the Liverpool and Manchester line was linked to Birmingham ("Grand Junction," *Spartacus Educational*). Hollingford, modelled after Knutsford, is supposed to be located between Manchester and Birmingham; Lady Cumnor's seeing off her first daughter Lady Mary Cuxhaven, who leaves for London (*WD* 91), at a railway station (*WD* 638),⁸ is probably the event of "August" (*WD* 646) of Year 8. Hence, the year falls on 1837. Easson's Year 8 "1830," thus, incurs contradiction, but it is acknowledged by the critic himself (*WD* 690). Among three options, only Option 2 accords with this historical reference.

The above comparison of three options with historical references discloses there is no difference in matching rate between Option 2 and the modified Easson's—both 66.7% (they match four historical facts out of six). The solution to the question as to which chronology represents authorial meaning better, then, is to depend on the outcome of inquiry into the following three issues: (g) autobiographical reading of the text, (h) the internal date concerning the birth certificate of Osborne's son, and (i) statistical data on page allocation.

(g) The attempt to read *Wives and Daughters* as Gaskell's autobiography has generally prevailed, but such reading is disputable. In agreement with Easson's semi-autobiographical reading (*WD* 689), Baker considers its action is set in the late 1820s: "The action is placed forty-five years before the time of writing, making the heroine the same age as the author, so that descriptions and details in the novel have the authenticity of personal memories" (Introd. to *WD* 5-6).⁹ Nevertheless, Easson himself discreetly avoids depending too much on autobiographical elements in constructing his chronology, and makes a parenthesised concession in the following assertion: "Molly's age is closely tied to Gaskell's (born 1810), so that the novel (in no sense autobiographical) opens in 1822" (*WD* 689). Whether Gaskell describes Molly as her prototype or not is open to question, as is suggested by some crucial inconsistencies between the fiction and her actual life. For instance, Molly's birthday is 22 June while Gaskell 29 September; Molly is seventeen at the time of Gibson's remarriage while Elizabeth three of her father's. Therefore, autographical elements are too subjective and weak to rely on as the grounds for setting the action in 1820s. (h) In early Year 8, the narrator reveals the birthday of Osborne's son is "June 21, 183—" (*WD* 598), and that he is "nearly two years old" (*WD* 601) at that time of his father's death. The narrative sequence flows smoothly in Option 2, where Year 8 is 1837. In the modified Easson's, young Osborne's year of birth falls on 1828 and his father's year of death 1830 (*WD* 726). (i) Probably, the most objective (therefore reliable) criterion for establishing the chronology would be page

allocations to each Year: the chronology occupying the largest number of pages on which the narrated events agree with historical references should be most closely reflecting the author's intention. The page allocation in "The Comprehensive Chronology of *Wives and Daughters*" demonstrates Gaskell's main focus lies on Year 6 (28.7%), followed by Years 5 (28.1%) and 7 (20.3%); in other words, these three years covers 77.1% of the total actions. According to Table 2, Option 2, in which years consistent with historical facts are Years 1, 5, 7, and 8, matches 55.5 percent of total actions: Year 1 (3.86%) + Year 5 (14.05%, or half of 28.1%) + Year 7 (20.27%) + Year 8 (17.34%). On the other hand, Modified Easson's Chronology, where they are Years 1, 5, and 6, tallies with 60.7 percent of all events: Year 1 (3.86%) + Year 5 (28.1%) + Year 6 (28.72%). If the allocation rate for the flashback scenes (Scenes 22-25) of Chapter 3, 1.05%, is added to the data for accuracy's sake, Option 2's matching rate rises up to 56.6 percent of the total pages, while modified Easson's 61.7 percent.

The investigation above implies the time sequence closer to authorial meaning is the latter. Accordingly, its discrepancies with the historical references about the Geographical Society and the Birmingham-London line and with the fictional date of young Osborne's birthday cannot but be appraised as Gaskell's careless errors.¹⁰

4. Credibility of the Chronology

4.1. Process

Five illustrations are given below to show the process for determining the timeline of the novel. (a) The annual festivity to the school visitors takes place on "Thursday, the 19th" (*WD* 91; Ch. 8). The month should be June, since that of the festivity Molly attended in Chapter 2 is "June" (*WD* 1). (b) Preston reveals in Chapter 20 that Roger Hamley has recently become "senior wrangler" (*WD* 237) in the Cambridge examination of the mathematical tripos, which is normally conducted in mid-January (Easson's "Notes," *WD* 706). The month treated in Chapter 20, therefore, is considered to be January. (c) Chapter 29 deals with "autumn" (*WD* 342), Chapter 30 "the beginning of winter" (*WD* 356), Chapter 32 the Cumnors' "autumn" sojourn at the Towers (*WD* 371), Chapter 33 "one of those still and lovely autumn days" (*WD* 382), and Chapter 34 Cynthia's secret engagement to Roger in "autumn" (*WD* 391). Accordingly, it is reasonable to suppose Chapters 29-34 are set in autumn of 1828. (d) The conversation between Cynthia and Molly in Chapter 37 reveals it was "nearly two months ago" that Roger's letter dated "December the 10th" reached the former (*WD* 433). It can be inferred, therefore, that their talk is had someday around 10 February. (e) Osborne's call at Mr Gibson in Chapter 45 is the event of "November" (*WD* 585) 1829; Molly relates his secret marriage to her father "six months" later (*WD* 585) —that is, in April of 1830.

4.2. Careless Dating

(a) One of the controversial dates is the one related to Cynthia's determination to end her engagement to Roger (*WD* 575-76) and Osborne Hamley's death on the same day (*WD* 579). Clare's statement that she could have understood her daughter's decision had it happened "three months ago" (*WD* 575), i.e. around early November 1829, indicates that the date is probably someday in January

1830. On the following day, however, Molly, disclosing Osborne's secret marriage, tells her father that the Hamleys' elder son paid him a visit "six months ago — last November" (*WD* 585). Molly's computation discloses the date is someday in May 1830. This conflict, or the gap of four months, is the cause of what Easson calls "the only uncertainty [...] between November 1829 and spring 1830" ("Notes," *WD* 689) in the timeline.¹¹ Similarly, this careless dating of Gaskell's brings about the following confusion. Aimée, Osborne's fiancée, pays a sudden call at Hamley Hall on "February" (*WD* 606) 1830. If this dating is correct, Cynthia's determination and Osborne's death, which occur a few days before it, is to be the events of "January" or "February," not "May." On the other hand, in describing Roger's temporary return home of "late June" (*WD* 619) in Chapter 55, the narrator remarks Roger received "the intelligence of Osborne's death" and "Cynthia's hasty letter of relinquishment" "two months" (*WD* 620) ago. If so, his brother's tragic death and his fiancée's change of mind are to be the occurrences of "late April." The contradiction is unresolved and left as it is in our chronology.

(b) Cynthia's paternal uncle Kirkpatrick, QC, should be titled "KC," since the years treated in the novel are "before Victoria's accession (1837)," as Easson correctly points out ("Notes," *WD* 719).

4.3. Credibility of the Chronology

The following are four examples to prove the correctness of the narrator's calculation and the reliability of our timeline. (a) In autumn 1829, Gibson confesses that he has been practicing at Hollingford for "more than twenty years" (*WD* 511). It is "sixteen years before" (*WD* 27) the first year of our chronology, 1823, that he came to the village, namely in 1807. Hence, he has been a Hollingford practitioner for twenty-two years at the time of 1829, which matches Gibson's confession. (b) Mrs Goodenough remarks it was "about a week ago" (*WD* 528) that Molly happened to witness the secret meeting between Cynthia and Preston (*WD* 483-87). Careful reading confirms the correctness of narrator's calculation. It is an "autumn" (*WD* 480) day in 1829 that the incident occurs. "Towards evening" (*WD* 501) of the next day (*WD* 500, 502), i.e. the first day after the clandestine meeting, Cynthia asks Molly if she can retrieve her letters from Preston (*WD* 503). In response, Molly meets Preston next day, or the second day, and this meeting is witnessed by Sheepshanks (*WD* 503-08). "[N]ext morning" (*WD* 510), i.e. the third day, Preston returns Cynthia's letters to the owner and Molly hears Cynthia's second request — returning his money to Preston (*WD* 513); "tomorrow" (*WD* 511), or the fourth day, Gibson and Cynthia leave for London (*WD* 514); "on the day following on Mr Gibson's departure" (*WD* 517), i.e. the fifth day, Margaret gives Preston Cynthia's note in Grinstead's shop (*WD* 523); and, on the sixth day,¹² Mrs Goodenough gossips about Molly's hurried walk and Preston's sudden appearance seen "about a week ago" (*WD* 483, 528). (c) Lady Cumnor's praise of Roger Hamley in August 1830 reminds Clare that she turned him out from her house "two years ago" (*WD* 640) for his untimely early visit. It is indeed the occurrence of June 1828 (*WD* 331). (d) It is related in August 1830 that Roger left for Africa "nearly two years" (*WD* 646) ago. According to our chronology, his departure is the event of autumn 1828 (*WD* 391-95).

4.4. Discoveries

Below are four discoveries concerning personal events of Molly, Clare, and Cynthia, which are not

clearly stated in the text. (a) Molly's year of birth is 1810 (the same as the author's), as she is "seventeen" on 22 June 1827 (*WD* 146). (b) Molly loses her first mother Mary when she is "just three years old" (*WD* 29); hence, the year of Mary's death turns out to be 1813 or 1814. (c) Clare Kirkpatrick has been a widow for "seven months" (*WD* 17) at the time of 17 June 1823; thus, it turns out she lost her husband in December 1822. (d) In describing the events of autumn 1829, the narrator observes that Cynthia was "not sixteen" (*WD* 498), or probably fifteen, when she promised marriage to Robert Preston "four or five years" ago (*WD* 491). Therefore, she is nineteen or twenty then. Her year of birth, accordingly, turns out to be 1809 or 1810.

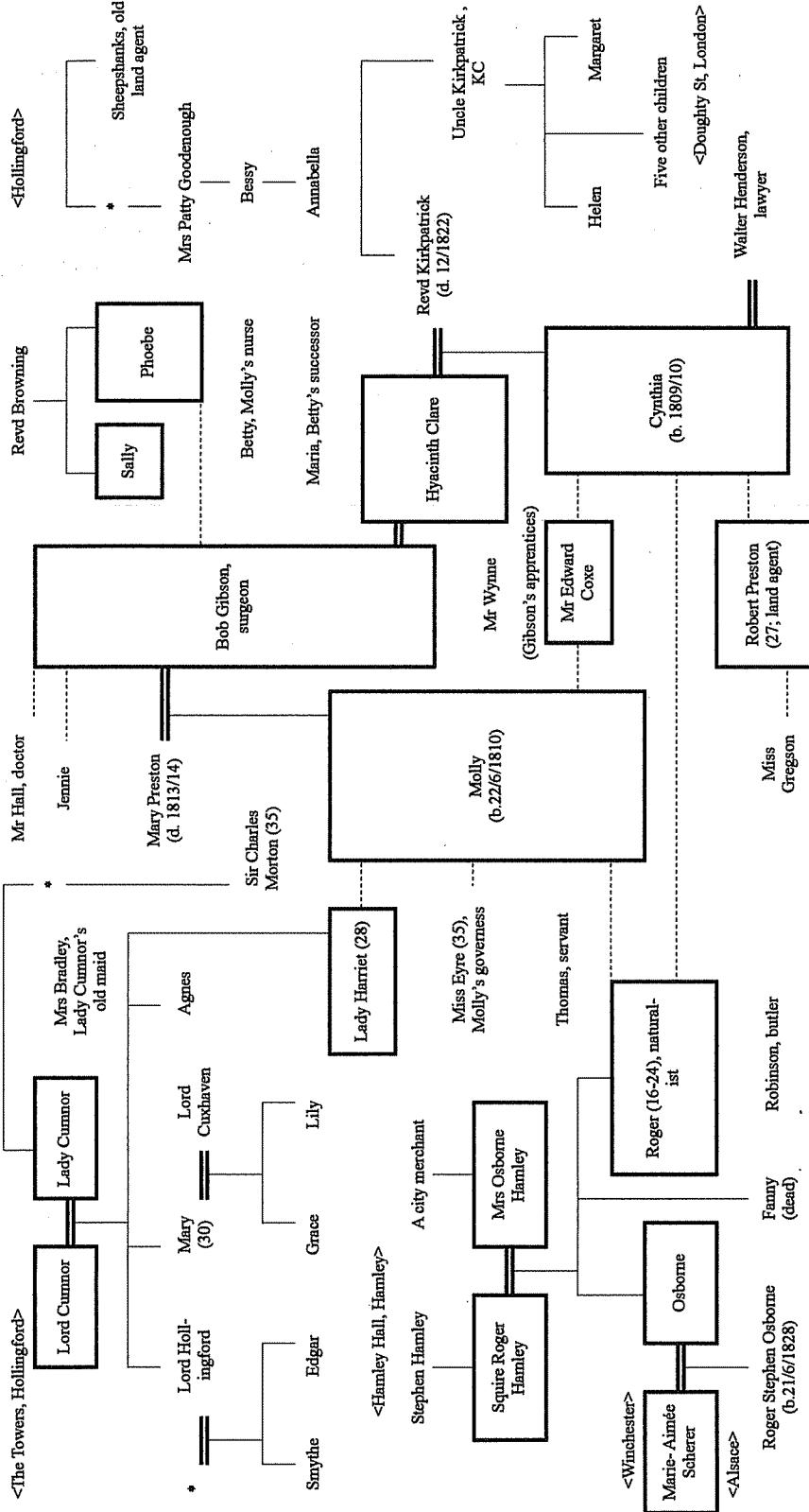
Main Characters in *Wives and Daughters*

Table 1: The Comprehensive Chronology of *Wives and Daughters*

		A: Ashcombe		H: Hollingford		Hm: Hamley		L: London		T: the Towers	
		active		referred		non-appearance		dead			
Time inferred	Scene	Day	Month	Year	Chapter	Number	Range	Length	Percent	Stage	The Towers
Thurs 17 (7)		1	1-2	1.5	0.22	Hollingford				Molly on the Gala morning.	
		2	2-5	3.0	0.45					The Cumnors and the Towers.	
10 (7)		3	5-6	1.0	0.15					Lord Cumnor invites Molly.	
		4	6	0.5	0.07					Molly asks Father's permission	
11 (6, 7)		5	6-8	2.0	0.3					Gibson's visit to Lady Cumnor	
		6	8-10	1.5	0.22					Gibson's visit to the Brownings	
		7	10-11	1.0	0.15					In the earl's carriage	
		8	11-12	1.0	0.15					In the garden	
		9	12	0.5	0.07					Molly sleeps under the cedar.	
		10	12-13	1.0	0.15					Two ladies talk to Molly.	
		11	13-14	1.0	0.15					Claire's Good appetite	
		12	14-15	1.0	0.15					Claire takes Molly to bedroom.	
		13	15-16	0.5	0.07					The party is over.	
		14	16	0.5	0.07					Molly in Clare's bed found	
		15	16-18	2.0	0.3					Is Molly overslept?	
		16	18-19	0.5	0.07					Molly in the nursery	
		17	19-20	1.0	0.15					At the dining room	
		18	20-23	3.0	0.45					At dinner	
		19	23-24	1.0	0.15					Molly runs into Father's bosom.	
		20	24-26	2.0	0.3					Molly, Mr Gibson on horses	
		21	26	0.5	0.07					Mr Gibson's visit of apology	
Fri 18 (7, 26)		22	27-29	2.0	0.3					Gibson introduced to Hllingfrid	
		23	29-30	1.0	0.15					Mary Preston and her death	

Brief Summary									
Ch	Y	M	D	No.	R	Ie	%	Stage	
3	197			24	30-31	1.0	0.15		Mr Gibson's position settled
				25	31-34	3.0	0.45		Miss Eyre, Molly's Governess
				26	34	0.5	0.07		Molly nearly seventeen.
4				27	34-36	1.0	0.15		Lord Hollingford, so scientific
				28	36-37	1.5	0.22		Gibson welcomed at the Towers
				29	37-39	2.0	0.3		Lord Hollingford and Mr Ashton
				30	39-44	5.0	0.74		Squire Hamley and his family
				31	44-47	1.5	0.22		Gibson's two apprentices
				32	47-48	1.0	0.15		Gibson takes a note for Molly.
				33	48-49	1.5	0.22		Mr Coxe's love letter
			Thursday (57)	34	49-50	0.5	0.07		A motherless girl with two boys
				35	50-54	4.0	0.6		Talk between Gibson and Coxe
				36	54-55	0.5	0.07		Mr Gibson's cogitations
				37	55-56	0.5	0.07		Mrs Hamley is pleased.
				38	56-57	1.0	0.15		Squire's pride in Osborne
				39	57-59	2.5	0.37		Gibson hidden reason
				40	59-60	0.5	0.07		Molly at Miss Rose's shop
				41	60	0.5	0.07		Difficulty in reading a daughter
				42	60-61	1.0	0.15		Molly leaves for Hamley.
				43	61-62	0.5	0.07		Molly reaches Hamley.
				44	62-63	1.5	0.22		Milly welcomed by Mrs Hamley
				45	63-66	2.0	0.3		Portraits of the two boys
				46	66	1.0	0.15		"I don't think I am pretty."
				47	66-67	0.5	0.07		Squire welcomes Molly.
				48	67-69	2.0	0.3		Milly's second marriage?
				49	69	0.5	0.07		Gibson's visit
				50	69-70	0.5	0.07		Squire's pride in his two boys
				51	70	0.5	0.07		Her father's second marriage?
				52	70-71	1.5	0.22		During and after breakfast
				53	71-75	3.5	0.52		Squire takes Milly to the garden.
			10 days later (76)	54	75	0.5	0.07		Mr Gibson's martyr-cook
				55	75-76	1.0	0.15		Another domestic trouble

Brief Summary									
Ch	Y	M	D	No	R	Ie	%		
			Same day as above	56	76-79	3.0	0.45		Milly will stay two months more.
			Next day (81)	57	79-81	2.0	0.3		Squire expresses anxiety.
			Next day (81)	58	81	0.5	0.07		A letter from Osborne
7	5			59	81-82	0.5	0.07		Mrs Hamley's talk puzzles Milly.
				60	82-83	0.5	0.07		Molly's happy days at Hamley
				61	83-84	1.5	0.22		Preparation for Roger's return
				62	84-85	0.5	0.07		The arrival of Roger
			Thursday (83)	63	85-86	1.5	0.22		Osborne's result unsatisfactory
8	6 (83, 90, 91)			64	86	0.5	0.07		
				65	87-89	2.5	0.37		Molly's meditation
				66	89-90	0.5	0.07		Molly's first meeting with Roger
				67	90	0.5	0.07		Roger's life in Hamley
				68	90-91	0.5	0.07		When may I come home, papa?
				69	91-96	5.0	0.74		Gibson drifting into matrimony
				70	96-97	1.5	0.22		Ladies' talk in London
				71	97-98	1.5	0.22		The plan approved by the Lord
	15 (94)			72	98-100	1.5	0.22		Clare's Features
				73	100	0.5	0.07		Clare's inward companion
				74	100-02	1.5	0.22		Lady Cumnor in indisposition
				75	102	0.5	0.07		The evening after the party
				76	102	0.5	0.07		Clare's anxiety: Lady's health
				77	102-04	2.0	0.3		Lady Cumnor's request
				78	104-05	1.0	0.15		Lord Hollingford's advice
			Same day as Scene 76	79	105	0.5	0.07		
				80	105-06	1.0	0.15		Clare: Gibson's possible partner
				81	107	0.5	0.07		Lady Cumnor healed by Gibson
				82	107-10	3.0	0.45		Lord Cumnor's letter
				83	110-11	1.0	0.15		The object of Clare's thought
				84	111-12	0.5	0.07		Gibson's marriage proposal
				85	112-13	0.5	0.07		Lord Cumnor's letter read
				86	113-14	0.5	0.07		The second talk in the library
				87	114-15	0.5	0.07		On his way to Hamley Hall

Brief Summary									
Ch	Y	M	D	No	R	Ie	%		
10				86	113-15	3.0	0.45		Gbsn's confession; Mill's shock
				87	116-17	1.0	0.15		Mill weeps on the ash-tree seat.
				88	117-21	5.0	0.74		Roger comforts Mill.
				89	121-22	1.0	0.15		Roger's talk to his mother
				90	122-23	0.5	0.07		Talk: Mill and Mrs Hmly
				91	123	0.5	0.07		Mill sobs on Mrs Hmly's breast.
				92	123-24	0.5	0.07		Roger's tenderness in deeds
				93	124-25	1.0	0.15		Reconciliation
				94	125-26	1.0	0.15		Clare's wish for speedy marriage
				95	126-27	0.5	0.07		Clare's plan obstructed
11				96	127-28	1.5	0.22		Talk on wedding arrangements
				97	128-29	1.0	0.15		Clare dislikes girls.
				98	129	0.5	0.07		Molly on her way to the Towers
				99	129-33	3.5	0.52		Milly critical of Clr's selfishness
				100	133-36	3.0	0.45		Lady Cumnor's plan opposed
				101	136	0.5	0.07		Gibson eases the discordances.
				102	136-37	0.5	0.07		Wander about in the garden
				103	137-38	2.0	0.3		Lady Cumnor's plan discussed
				104	138-39	0.5	0.07		Molly bursts into tears.
				105	139-40	1.0	0.15		Molly's defence of selfishness
12				106	140	0.5	0.07		Mrs Hamley joins the talk.
				107	140-41	0.5	0.07		Squire Hamley's regret
				108	141	0.5	0.07		The bond strengthened
				109	142-43	1.5	0.22		Lord and Lady Cumnor's talk
				110	143-46	2.5	0.37		Clare's preparation for wedding
				111	146	0.5	0.07		Gbsn's preparation for wedding
				112	146-51	4.5	0.67		Gibson's two requests granted
				113	151-52	1.0	0.15		Roger and Molly drawn together
				114	152	0.5	0.07		Molly leaves the Hall, missed.
				115	152-53	0.5	0.07		The Brownings coarser
13				116	153-54	1.5	0.22		Silly notion about Roger
				117	154-55	1.0	0.15		Reconciliation: Sally and Molly

Brief Summary									
Ch	Ch	Y	M	D	No	R	Ie	%	
13	8			Next day (155)	118	155-57	1.5	0.22	Renovation of Gibson's house
				Night before wedding	119	157-58	0.5	0.07	Molly in her bridal attire
	9	29 (?)	(168)	Michaelmas (127)	120	158-62	4.5	0.67	Gibson and Molly in Ashcombe
14				One day (170)	121	163-64	1.5	0.22	On the way to the church
					122	164-65	0.5	0.07	The wedding ceremony
				Thurs (172)	123	165-69	4.0	0.6	Molly is Harriet's favourite
					124	169-70	1.0	0.15	Lady Harriet's apology to Molly
					125	170	0.5	0.07	Molly's thought about Harriet
					126	170-72	2.0	0.3	Roger's brings his mother's note
					127	172	0.5	0.07	Molly becomes light-hearted.
					128	172-74	1.5	0.22	Milly's first meeting with Osborn
					129	174-75	1.0	0.15	Squire and Roger come back.
					130	175-77	2.0	0.3	Phoebe's talk: Harriet's visit
					131	177-78	0.5	0.07	The return of the newly-wed
					132	178-80	2.0	0.3	Clare's indelicacy
					133	180-81	1.0	0.15	Must I call her "mamma"?
	10?			One or two wks	134	181-82	0.5	0.07	Servants' grumblings
				One day (182)	135	182-83	1.0	0.15	Betty may be dismissed.
					136	183-85	1.5	0.22	Servants leave; Gibson's regret
					137	185-86	1.0	0.15	Coxe leaves Gibson as an heir.
					138	186-87	1.0	0.15	Visit of the two young Hamleys
					139	187-88	1.5	0.22	Talk with Osborne and Roger
					140	188-90	2.0	0.3	Molly's wish ignored by Clare
					141	190-92	1.5	0.22	Cir perplexed at Harriet's notes
	12?			One day	142	192-95	3.0	0.45	Squire Hamley's sudden visit
					143	195-96	1.0	0.15	Conflicts: Clare and Molly
					144	196-98	2.0	0.3	Mrs Hamley's interrogation
					145	198-201	3.0	0.45	Mrs Hamley's family distress
					146	201-02	0.5	0.07	Squire Hamley in a sad state
					147	202-03	1.0	0.15	Mrs Hamley's approaching death
	17				148	203-04	1.0	0.15	Gibson's summon for Osborne
					149	204-05	1.5	0.22	Molly tells Squire Gbán's note.

Brief Summary										
Ch	Y	M	D	No	R	Ie	%	Hollingford	Ged	Sigae
20	1		One day	181	238-39	0.5	0.07			Cynthia afraid of Mr Gibson
				182	239-40	1.5	0.22			Osborne's visit to Mrs Gibson
				183	240-42	2.0	0.3			Clare's plan for Oshrn and Rgr.
				184	242-44	2.0	0.3			Oshrn's frequent visits to Gbsns
			One day (244)	185	245-46	1.0	0.15			Cynthia asks Molly about Roger.
				186	246-47	2.0	0.3			Invitation to tea at Brownings
				187	247-50	2.5	0.37			Roger's first meeting: Cynthia
				188	250-51	1.0	0.15			Card games
				189	251-52	1.0	0.15			Short conversation with Roger
				190	252	0.5	0.07			Molly feels jealousy.
				191	252-54	2.0	0.3			Cynthia's impressions on Roger
			Next day (254)	192	254-56	2.0	0.3			Short talk in the garden
				193	257-61	4.5	0.67			Squire Hamley in distress
				194	261-66	4.5	0.67			Conflict: Squire and Osborne
			One evening (261) before Scenes 186-92	195	266-67	1.0	0.15			Robinson the butler: lamentation
				196	267-68	0.5	0.07			Squire begins to demand on Rgr.
				197	268-72	4.0	0.6			Osborn's plan: publishing poems
			One day (272) before Scenes 186-92	198	272-74	1.5	0.22			Osborne asks for Roger's help.
				199	274	0.5	0.07			The detailed situation of Aimée
				200	274-77	2.5	0.37			Pleasant talk: Squire and Roger
				201	277-79	2.0	0.3			Roger gazing at Cynth at dinner
			Friday (277)	202	279-80	1.0	0.15			A dunc or a blue-stocking?
				203	280-84	4.0	0.6			Molly feels jealousy.
				204	284-85	0.5	0.07			Preparation for the Easter ball
				205	285-86	1.0	0.15			Cynthia objects Clare's plan.
				206	286	0.5	0.07			The Cummins' delayed return
				207	286	0.5	0.07			Lady Harriet's visit to the Gbsns
				208	286-87	1.0	0.15			Aristocracy in Clare's talk
				209	287-89	1.5	0.22			Clr's disappointment at Towers
				210	289-90	0.5	0.07			Clare's exaggerated description
			Easter Tuesday (280)	211	290-92	2.0	0.3			Nosegays from the Hamley boys
				212	292-93	1.5	0.22			Nosegay from Preston for Cynth

Brief Summary												
Ch	Ch	Y	M	D	No.	R	Ie	%				
29				Same day as above	244	340	0.5	0.07	Gibson: Osborne's health			
				Next day (340)	245	340-41	1.0	0.15	Osborne's visit to the Gibsons			
					246	341-43	2.0	0.3	Talk in the garden			
					247	341-45	2.0	0.3	Cynthia: "I'm not good."			
				One day (346)	248	345-46	1.0	0.15	Roger's hesitation to visit Clare			
					249	346-48	1.5	0.22	Roger's admiration for Cynthia			
				2/3 wks after	250	348-49	1.0	0.15	Osborne's reflection			
					251	349-50	1.5	0.22	Squire's visit to the old tenant			
					252	350-52	2.0	0.3	At Old Silas' cottage			
					253	352-55	2.5	0.37	Squire's quarrel with Preston			
30	autumn (342, 356, 371, 382)	One day			254	355-56	1.5	0.22	Roger's intervention			
					255	356-57	1.0	0.15	Squire cannot bear insults.			
					256	358-59	1.5	0.22	Preston's hatred towards Roger			
					257	359-61	2.0	0.3	Preston's popularity			
					258	361-64	2.5	0.37	Molly and Cynthia Difference: Molly and Cynthia			
					259	364-65	1.0	0.15	Roger's wish for marrying Cynthia			
					260	365-66	1.5	0.22	Roger's promise of gaining money			
					261	367	1.0	0.15	Legacy from grandfather			
					262	367-71	3.0	0.45	Is Osborne's wedlock legal?			
					263	371-72	1.0	0.15	Cynthia does not love Roger.			
31					264	372-75	2.5	0.37	Clare's monopoly of Harriet			
					265	375-78	4.0	0.6	Lady Harriet's visit to Clare			
					266	375-80	2.0	0.3	Lady Harriet's lunchtime talk			
					267	380	0.5	0.07	Distortions of truth			
					268	380-81	1.0	0.15	Molly misses Roger.			
				One or two days afterwards (381)	269	381-82	1.0	0.15	Gibson's reason for visiting Hmly			
					270	382-87	4.5	0.67	Prevention is better than cure.			
					271	387-88	0.5	0.07	Estrangement: father and son			
					272	388	0.5	0.07	Roger's visit home			
				One day	273	389	0.5	0.07	Roger's visit to the Gibsons			
32				Next day (388)	273	389	0.5	0.07				

Brief Summary									
Ch	Y	M	D	No.	R	Ie	%		
				274	389-90	1.5	0.22		Molly comes back from walk.
				275	390-91	0.5	0.07		Molly hears Roger has come.
				276	391-92	1.0	0.15		Molly in her room
34	Au- tumn (391)	Same day as above		277	392-95	3.0	0.45	Secret Engagement	"We shall never be married."
				278	395-98	3.0	0.45		Conjugal interview
				279	398-405	7.5	1.12		Gibson's interview with Cynthia
				280	406-08	2.5	0.37		Gibson tells the news to Squire.
35		One day more than a week later		281	408-12	4.5	0.67		
				282	412-13	0.5	0.07		Clare's regret
				283	413-16	3.0	0.45		Thursday invitation accepted
		Thursday (415)		284	416-17	0.5	0.07		Three women's visit to Hamley
		Friday (417)		285	417-19	2.5	0.37		Gibson's interview with Molly
		One day		286	420-21	1.5	0.22		Coxe's return to claim Molly
		Two weeks		287	421-22	1.0	0.15		Coxe falls in love with Cynthia.
				288	422	0.5	0.07		Coxe's visits at the Gibsons
				289	423-24	2.0	0.3		Coxe's interview with Gibson
		One day		290	424-27	2.0	0.3		Gibson's blame of Cynthia
				291	427-30	3.5	0.52		The Gibbs: high moral standard
				292	430-32	2.5	0.37		Molly spends a sad winter.
36	win- ter (432)	One day		293	432-34	1.5	0.22		Roger's letter
				294	434	0.5	0.07		Molly's prayer for Roger
				295	434-36	1.5	0.22		Cynthia's secret
		(435, 436)		296	436	0.5	0.07		Peaceful and monotonous winter
				297	436-39	3.0	0.45		Gossip about Mr Kirkpatrick
				298	439-40	1.0	0.15		About Mr Kirkpatrick, QC
37	win- ter (433)	Easter vacation (440)		299	440-41	1.5	0.22		Mr Kirkpatrick's visit to Gibson
				300	441-42	0.5	0.07		Letter of invitation despatched
38		One day		301	442-445	3.5	0.52		Gibson gives Cynthia L10.

Brief Summary									
Ch	Y	M	D	No	R	Ie	%	Hollingford	Stige
39	5	Same day as above		302	446-47	1.0	0.15	Cynthia agrees to go to London.	
				303	447	0.5	0.07	Cynthia's gratitude to Gibson	
				304	447-48	0.5	0.07	Dance in the drawing-room	
				305	448-50	2.0	0.3	Clare's remark on Osbrin's health	
				306	450-52	2.5	0.37	Squire Hamley's state of mind	
	Sunday (452)			307	452-55	3.5	0.52	Squire's talk with Osborne	
				308	456	0.5	0.07	Osborne's suffering	
				309	456-58	2.5	0.37	Osborne congratulates Cynthia.	
				310	459	0.5	0.07	Clare's plan for accompanying	
				311	459-61	1.5	0.22	Cynthia's mysterious reply	
40	One week (sc 312-15)			312	461-62	1.5	0.22	Clare and Cynthia off to London	
	6			313	462-63	0.5	0.07	Gibson and Molly invited to tea	
				314	463-66	3.0	0.45	Gossip about Preston and a girl	
				315	466-67	1.5	0.22	Sally's gossip about Preston	
				316	468-69	1.5	0.22	Clare's report of her London wk	
	(469)	One day		317	469	0.5	0.07	Cynth's love for Roger: doubtful	
		One day		318	469-71	1.0	0.15	Clare's talk is tiresome	
		In two weeks		319	471	0.5	0.07	Cynthia's London letter: Hindish	
		(469)		320	471-72	1.0	0.15	Cynthia's return from London	
		within the wk		321	472-75	2.5	0.37	Roger's letter read at the society	
41	Summer (515)			322	475	0.5	0.07	Cynthia's London correspondence	
	all-autumn (480)			323	475-78	3.0	0.45	Sally's remark: London, Preston	
				324	478	0.5	0.07	Talk between Molly and Clare	
				325	478-80	1.5	0.22	Cynth avoids talking of Preston.	
				326	480-81	1.0	0.15	Cynthia's coquette.	
	10 or 11 (524, 532)			327	481-82	1.0	0.15	Cynthia's change of manner	
				328	482-83	1.0	0.15	Gibson takes out Molly.	
				329	483-87	4.0	0.6	At Croston Heath	
				330	487-89	2.0	0.3	Cynthia's secret disclosed	
				331	490-99	9.5	1.41	Cynthia is coquette.	
42	One day (481)			332	499-500	0.5	0.07	Cynthia's confession	
	Next day (500)			333	500-01	1.5	0.22	Molly's thoughts of Roger	
43								Helen Kirkpatrick's illness	

Brief Summary									
Ch	Y	M	D	No	R	Ie	%		
49	11		Same day as above	366	560	0.5	0.07		Lord Cumnor conveys the talk.
			A few days later	367	560-61	1.0	0.15		Harriet takes Molly for walk.
				368	561-63	2.0	0.3		Claire's recovery; Cynthia's return.
				369	563-64	1.5	0.22		Cynthia's rejection of proposal.
			12 or 1	One day (563)	370	564-65	0.5	0.07	Molly less merciful to Cynthia.
				One day (565)	371	565-66	1.0	0.15	Claire's stay at the Towers.
				One day (566)	372	566-67	2.0	0.3	Lady Cumnor's crossness.
				One day (567)	373	568-69	1.5	0.22	Lady Harriet's explanation.
				One day (568)	374	569-70	1.0	0.15	Claire's blame of Cynthia.
				One day (569)	375	570-71	1.5	0.22	Cynthia's misdemeanours.
				One day (570)	376	571-74	2.5	0.37	Gibson's accusation of Cynthia.
				One day (571)	377	574	0.5	0.07	Molly's comfort refused.
				One day (572)	378	575	0.5	0.07	Molly: Cynthia's misery.
				One day (573)	379	575-76	1.5	0.22	End of Cynthia's engagement.
				One day (574)	380	576-78	2.0	0.3	Talk between Gibson and Cynthia.
				One day (575)	381	578-79	0.5	0.07	Molly comforts Cynthia.
				One day (576)	382	579-81	2.5	0.37	Newspaper of Osborne's death.
				One day (577)	383	581-83	2.5	0.37	Molly at Hamley Hall.
				One day (578)	384	584-86	2.0	0.3	Disclosure of Osborne's secret.
				One day (579)	385	586-91	5.0	0.74	Secret told to Squire.
				One day (580)	386	591-92	1.0	0.15	Letter written to Aimée.
				One day (581)	387	592-93	1.5	0.22	Secret disclosed to Clare.
				One day (582)	388	593-96	2.5	0.37	Cynthia: Weary of Roger.
				One day (583)	389	596-98	2.5	0.37	Certificates of marriage/baptism.
				One day (584)	390	598-600	1.5	0.22	Aimée must be told.
				One day (585)	391	600	0.5	0.07	Squire's hesitation for Aimée.
				One day (586)	392	600-02	1.5	0.22	Aimée to Hamley Hall.
				One day (587)	393	602-07	5.0	0.74	Aimée's sudden appearance.
				One day (588)	394	607-08	0.5	0.07	Mr Gibson's arrival.
				One day (589)	395	608-09	1.0	0.15	Gibson sees Aimée.
				One day (590)	396	609-10	1.0	0.15	Cynthia is leaving for London.
				One day (591)	397	610-11	1.0	0.15	Molly takes care of Aimée.
52									
53									
54	2		One day	(606)					

		Brief Summary						
Ch	Y	M	D	No	R	Ie	%	
54				One day (611)	398	611-13	1.5	0.22
				Spring (611)	399	613	0.5	0.07
				One day (614)	400	613-14	1.0	0.15
				Two days later	401	614-15	1.0	0.15
				(615)	402	615-17	2.0	0.3
				summer	403	617-18	0.5	0.07
				Late 6 (619, 624)	404	618-19	0.5	0.07
				One day (619)	405	619	0.5	0.07
				One day	406	619-20	0.5	0.07
				One day (622)	407	620-21	1.0	0.15
				Tuesday (626)	408	621-23	2.5	0.37
					409	623-25	1.5	0.22
					410	625-26	1.0	0.15
					411	626-27	1.5	0.22
					412	627-28	1.0	0.15
					413	629	0.5	0.07
					414	629-30	1.0	0.15
				7	415	630-31	0.5	0.07
				Next day (629)	416	631-33	2.0	0.3
					417	633-34	1.5	0.22
					418	634-35	0.5	0.07
					419	635-36	1.0	0.15
				One day (636)	420	636	0.5	0.07
					421	636-37	1.0	0.15
				One day	422	638-40	3.0	0.45
					423	640-41	1.0	0.15
				8 (646)	424	641-42	0.5	0.07
				One day	425	642-44	2.0	0.3
				Monday (645)	426	644-45	0.5	0.07
					427	645-46	1.0	0.15
					428	646	0.5	0.07

1830 (638)

Brief Summary

Molly leaves Hamley Hall.

Molly taken to her bed

Molly has been overworked.

Lady Harriet's letter to Cynthia
Cynthia comes back for nursing.

Molly's delight

Molly's recovery; Squire's visit

Cynthia returns to London.

Molly's years of Roger's return

Gibson's description of Roger

Gibson's explanation of the Hall

Roger's visit of ceremony

Clare's letter to Cynthia

Cynthia returns from London.

Cynthia's determination

At breakfast table

Talk about Henderson's visit

Cynthia sees Molly in bed.

Roger sees Henderson.

Henderson is warned.

Henderson's visit to the Gibsons

Henderson's impression

Gift of £100 for Cynthia

The Kirkpatrick invitation

Lady Cumnor's advice

Lady Cumnor's gift for Cynthia

Lady Harriet's calling

Harriet's plan for Molly

Cynthia pleased with the plan

Molly leaves for the Towers.

Molly sees Lady Cumnor.

Ch	M	D	No	R	le	%	Stage		Hildegard	Stage	Reference (Times)	Total (Times)	Appearance (Times)	Reference (Percent)	Appearance (Percent)	Total (Percent)	
							11	0									
11																	
11.1	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.2	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.3	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.4	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.5	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.6	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.7	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.8	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.9	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.10	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.11	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.12	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.13	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.14	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.15	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.16	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.17	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.18	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.19	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.20	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.21	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.22	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.23	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.24	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.25	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.26	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.27	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.28	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.29	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.30	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.31	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.32	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.33	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.34	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.35	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.36	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.37	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.38	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.39	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.40	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.41	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.42	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.43	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.44	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.45	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.46	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.47	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.48	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.49	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.50	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.51	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.52	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.53	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.54	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.55	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.56	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.57	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.58	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.59	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.60	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.61	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.62	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.63	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.64	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.65	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.66	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.67	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.68	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.69	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.70	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.71	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.72	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.73	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.74	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.75	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.76	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.77	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.78	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.79	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.80	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.81	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.82	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.83	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.84	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.85	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.86	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.87	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.88	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.89	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.90	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.91	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.92	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.93	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.94	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.95	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.96	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.97	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.98	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.99	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.100	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.101	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.102	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.103	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.104	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.105	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.106	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.107	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.108	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.109	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.110	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.111	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.112	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.113	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.114	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.115	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.116	0	11	11	22	0	32											
11.117	0	11	11	22	0	32											

Notes

- 1 Elizabeth Gaskell, *Wives and Daughters: An Everyday Story*, ed. Angus Easson (Oxford: Oxford UP, 2000) 726. Page references hereafter in the text with the abbreviation of the novel *WD* attached to.
- 2 According to the talk between Lady Cumnor and her daughter Lady Agnes, they are returning to London on "Friday the 18th" as soon as the school visitors' affair is over (*WD* 7).
- 3 Alternatively, Molly's remark to her father on page 585: "six months ago—last November, when you went up to Lady Cumnor" suggests Cynthia's breach of engagement is the occurrence of March or April. This is another example of Gaskell's careless calculation.
- 4 Outlining the story in her letter to George Smith, the publisher, dated 3 May 1864, Gaskell discloses it is about "country-town life 40 years ago" (*Letters* 731-32); its serialization in *The Cornhill Magazine* started from August of the same year (*Cornhill*, vol. 10, 179).
- 5 Easson's counting is modified, as he mistakes the five-year span between the first year and the fifth for the six-year. If Molly is shortly before seventeen in June 1827, the date when she is shortly before thirteen (which she actually is at the beginning of the novel) should be June 1823.
- 6 The data is based on the Comprehensive Chronology of *Wives and Daughters*.
- 7 The change was confirmed in Manchester University Library on 27 September 2004 (John Rylands was under repair): "s" is deleted with two short lines slanting from left top to right bottom in the phrase "he's was a very immoral poet" in the first volume of MS (212). The tense has been altered from the present to the past.
- 8 The station may not be Hollingford Station, for Knutsford Station, its model, opened on 12 May 1862 ("Class 3's Local History Work"; Uglow, *EG* 542; Goodchild 11; Payne 12).
- 9 Uglow also considers the novel is set in the late 1820 (*EG* 61).
- 10 This conclusion is supported by Uglow (*EG* 580).
- 11 "There is unspecified gap of some months between ch. XLIX (November (1829), p. 553) and ch. L (reference to the Easter Charity Ball, p. 562)" (Easson's "Note," *WD* 726).
- 12 Mrs Goodenough discloses she saw Margaret handing a note to Preston "only yesterday" (*WD* 528).

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Synopsis: 『妻たちと娘たち』 推定年代記

大野 龍浩

テキストにちりばめられた時間や季節の描写と歴史的事実への言及を基に、エリザベス・ギャスケルによる最後の長編小説『妻たちと娘たち』の正確な（つまり、作者が意図したはずの）年代記を策定する。まず、作品内の時間データの分析から、物語が8年間に及ぶことをつきとめた後、考えられる三つの候補を選定。おのおのについて、作中で言及される6つの歴史的事実との矛盾の有無を吟味し、歴史的事実と合致する年に最も多くのページ数が割かれている候補を、作者が意図した年代記と断定した。結果的に明らかになった作者の不注意な時間設定や、これまで気づかれてなかった登場人物の生年などを指摘して、論考の締めくくりとした。